

Structured Session: Shallow Water Acoustics

The simulation of low-frequency noise intensity in the shallow sea

Qianchu Zhang^{1,2*} Xinyi Guo^{1,2} Li Ma^{1,2}

¹*The Key Laboratory of Underwater Environment, Chinese Academy of Sciences,
Beijing, 100190, China*

²*Institute of Acoustics, Chinese Academy of Sciences,
Beijing, 100190, China*

Email: zhangqianchu@mail.ioa.ac.cn

Abstract: According to the variations of the complex environment, the fluctuations of the low-frequency noise intensity in the shallow sea are calculated. The PE is used as a propagation model to establish an ocean ambient noise intensity model under range-dependent environments, which can be used to calculate the noise intensity under the conditions of non-uniform distribution of surface noise sources and range-dependent environments. Using the measured data of ship and wind speed, considering different ship source level formulas and wind-generated noise source level model, the noise source levels are obtained. And the measured sound velocity profiles are used as the input parameters of the model to obtain the low-frequency ocean noise intensity varied with time in the shallow sea. Compared with the measured ambient noise, the variation trends are in good agreement.

Key words: Ocean ambient noise; simulation of noise intensity; fluctuations

References

- [1] Carey W. M., Evans R. B.. Ocean Ambient Noise[M]. New York: Springer New York, 2011, p.99-127.
- [2] Qianchu Zhang, Xinyi Guo, Li Ma. The research of spatial characters of ocean ambient noise under varying environments. Journal of Computational Acoustics, 2017,25(2):1750021.
- [3] Breeding J. E., Pflug L. A., Bradley M., Walrod M. H.,McNride W.. Research Ambient Noise DIrectionality (RANDI) 3.1 Physics Description. NRL/FR/7176-95-9628, Naval Research Laboratory, Acoustics Division, Stennis Space Center, 1996.